# FUNGI ASSOCIATED WITH RED LIST SPECIES (RL) OF WOODY PLANTS OF GEORGIA

Marina Churgulia-Shurgaia, PhD Degree in Biology, Associate Professor, Sokhumi State University. Faculty of Natural Science, Mathematics, Technology and Pharmacy, Tbilisi, Georgia Ketevan Tavartkiladze, PhD Degree in Biology, National Botanical Garden of Georgia, Tbilisi, Georgia

*Marina Zarkua*, PhD Degree in Biology, Associate Professor, Sokhumi State University. Faculty of Natural Science, Mathematics, Technology and Pharmacy, Tbilisi, Georgia

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Abstract. The paper deals with 27 species of fungi first recorded with Red List (RL) species of woody plants (Astragalus caucasicus, Astragalus sosnowskyi, Astragalus microcephalus, Berberis iberica, Crataegus pontica, Ruscus ponticus) from Georgia.

Keywords: Red List, Georgia, Fungi, Mycobiotic complexes, NBG.

**Introduction.** Due to different reasons the Red List plants are in danger of extinction. Thus, it is very important to studytheir satellite mycobiotic complexes, which are essential for the viability of the plants. At the same time, registration of species composition of mycobiotic fungi of trees and shrubs has great importance for studying fungi diversity.

Mycobiota of the Red Book trees and shrubs, with few exceptions, has not been the subject of a special study so far. The novelty includes both fundamental and applied issues.

## Materials and methods.

Identification of mature fungi fertility on plant samples (branches, leafs, flowers, roots) was conducted according to macro and micromorphological features. Collection, storage, preparation of temporary agents were implemented by using traditional methods. The results of the research work deal with the pathogenic and non-pathogenic representatives of the fungi of the investigating plants. Both traditional and contemporary guide books were used for identifying fungi (Saccardo, 1882-1931; Grove, 1935, 1937; Diedike, 1915); (Sutton, 1980; Ellis, 1971; Ellis, Ellis, 1985; Vasilevskii, Karakulin, 1937,1950; Sivanesan, 1985; Melnik, 1992; Merezhko, 1991; Nakhutsrishvili, 1986).

# Results.

The results of research work are presented below:

## Astragalus caucasicus Pall.

- 1. *Camarosporium sp.* Conidia light brown, brown, with 3 transveral and 1 incomplete septa, 16.2-20x 8-11.2 μm. Tbilisi, Botanic Institute. In Georgia recorded for the first time.
- 2. *Cucurbitaria astragali Karst.* [8]. Syn.: Gibberella astragali (P. Karst. & Har.) Kuntze. On dead branches. Tbilisi.
  - 3. Leptosphaeria sp. On dead branches. Didi Digomi, Tbilisi.
- 4. *Lewia scorpulariae (Desm.)* M.B. Barr et E.G. Simmons. On dead branches. Didi Digomi, Tbilisi.

On Astragalus caucasicus, recorded for the first time.

- 5. *Phomasp.* Pycnidia 150-200  $\mu$ m., Conidia elliptic, oval 4-6x 3 $\mu$ m. On dead branches. Didi Digomi, Tbilisi.
- 6. *Pleospora sp.* Peritecia 250-300 mμ., Asci 100-125x 15-18 μm., Ascospores wide spindle-saped, color-smoky, yellowish-brown, with 6-7 transveral and 1 incomplete septa. On dead branches. Didi Digomi, Tbilisi.

In Georgia recorded for the first time.

7. Uromyces punctatus J. Schröt. [10] On leafs. National Botanical Garden, Tbilisi.

On A. caucasicus in Georgia recorded for the first time.

# Astragalus sosnowskyi Grossh. Syn.: A, tanae Sosn.

1. Coniothyrium fuckelii Sacc., [2] On dried sprouts and thorns. Tbilisi, Digomi.

Current name - *Paraconiothyrium fuckelii* (Sacc.) Verkley & Gruyter, Studies in Mycology 75: 25 (2012) [MB#564787]

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Saprotrophic fungus, widely spread on many woody and herbaceous plants.

On Astragalus recorded for the first time from Georgia.

2. *Pleospora herbarum* (Pers.) Rabenh. Ex Ces. et De Not [8]. On dead branches. Tbilisi, Digomi.

Polyphagous cosmopolitan fungus.

On Astragalus recorded for the first time in Georgia.

3. *Pleospora sp.* On dead branches. Tbilisi, Digomi.

Astragalus microcephalus Willd. Syn: Astracantha microcephala (Willd.) Podleeh.

1. Fusarium lateritium Nees. [1]. Syn.: Selenosporium lateritium (Nees.) Desm. On dead Branches. NBG.

*Fusarium lateritium* occurs on the following plants in Georgia: Ailanthus altissima, Albizzia julibrissin, Amorpha fruticosa, Astragalus microcephalus, Celtis caucasica, Ficus carica, Forsythia sp., Jasminum nudiflorum, Morus alba, Populus simonsii.

- 2. *Phomopsis sp.* On dead branchs. NBG.
- 3. Tubercularia vulgaris Tode [6]. On dead branches. NBG.

*Tubercularia vulgaris* occurs on the following plants: Acer sp., Cerasus mahaleb, Diospyros lotus, Fraxcinus sp., Juglans regia, Laburnum anagyroides, Morus alba, Parthenocissus quinquefolia, Pterocarya pterocarpa, Robinia pseudacacia, Rosa sp., Salix sp., Styphnolobium japonicum.

4. Uromyces punctatus Schöt [10]. On leafs. NBG. branches. NBG.

The above listed fungi recorded for the first time on A.microcephalus.

#### Berberis iberica Stev. Et Fisch.

- 1. Alanthozythia sp., On dead branches. King Tamar Bridge, Tbilisi.
- 2. Didimosphaeria sp. On dead branches. King Tamar Bridge, Tbilisi.

On Berberis iberica recorded for the first time.

3. Nectria coryli Fuckel [6]. On dead branches. King Tamar Bridge, Tbilisi.

On Berberis iberica recorded for the first time.

9 fungi species observed on Berberis iberica in Georgia, rust fungus —*Puccinia graminis* Pers. is not among them, though it has intensive spread on leafs and flowers of this species in the Botanical Garden.

## Crataegus pontica C. Koch

- 1. Cytosporella sp. On dead branches. Tetritskaro, Georgia.
- 2. Diplodia crataegi Westend. [4]. On dead branches. Institute of Botany, Tbilisi.
- 3. Eutypella sp. On dead branches. Institute of Botany, Tbilisi.
- 4. Gymnosporangium confusum Plowr. [10]. On fruit. Tetritskaro. Georgia.
- 5. Microdiplodia microsporella (Sacc.) Allesch. [3]. On dead branches. Tetritskaro, Georgia.
- 6. *Sphaeropsis malorum* Berk.,[5]. *Botriodiplodia malorum* (Berk.) Petr. & Syd. (current name). On dead branches. Tetritskaro, Georgia.
- 7. *Spilocae apomi* Fr. Syn.: *Fusicladium dendriticum* (Wallr.) Fuckel. [11]. On fruit. Tetritskaro, Georgia.

*Spilocae* is generally known as causing apple scab. It has never been observed on hawthorn except Crataegus pontica C. Koch. It was noticed on Crataegus orientalis Pall.

## Ruscus ponticusWoronov ex Grossh. Syn.: Ruscus acuelatus L.

- 1. Coniothyrium sp. On dead branchess. NBG.
- In Georgia recorded for the first time on Ruscus ponticus.
- 2. Leptospaeria rusci Sacc. [6]. Syn.: Phaeosphaeriopsis glaucopunctata (Grev) M.P.S. Camara, M.E. Palm, A.W. Ramaley On dead branches. Mtskheta, Georgia.
  - 3. Phomopsis rusci (West) Grove. [9]. On dead branches. Mckheta, Georgia.

In Georgia is recorded for the first time.

## Conclusions.

27 species of fungi first recorded on the above listed plants in Georgia. Two species belong to Basidiomycota and 25 to Ascomycota.

Mycobiota of the Red Book trees and shrubs, with few exceptions, has not been the subject of a special study so far. At the same time, registration of species composition of mycobiotic fungi of trees and shrubs has great importance for studying fungi diversity. The novelty includes both fundamental and applied issues.

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